

D.G.Muir May 2010

MAST's Integrated Data Access Management system: IDAM

An Overview:

- designed to address specific MAST data management issues.
- enables access to numerous file formats, legacy and modern (IDA3, Ufile, netCDF-3, netCDF-4, HDF5, MDSPlus. Also PPF and JPF on JET.
- it adds data quality values at the signal level where none existed previously
- it automatically corrects for problems in data: in timings, calibrations, and labelling. Corrections are defined using XML.
- it builds new composite signals from signal components, defined using XML.
- these XML documents are recorded in a relational database.
- also recorded are:
 - how data are accessed, whether locally or remotely
 - how alias and generic signal names are mapped to true names
- IDAM has client server architecture, written in C.
- architecture independent: 32 or 64 bit, big or little endian.

- C library has a single API and a set of accessor functions
- Single IDL function returns data as a structure.
- the API has two arguments:
 - signal alias or generic name or data object or server side function
 - shot number or data source entity

IDL example: `rs = getdata('ip', 13500)`

This returns a structure, `rs`, containing

NAME	NAME	STRING	'ip'
SOURCE	SOURCE	STRING	'MAST::13500'
STATUS	STATUS	LONG	1
DATA	DATA	FLOAT	Array[7500]

The data array with corrections

DUNITS	DUNITS	STRING	'kA'
DLABEL	DLABEL	STRING	'Plasma Current'
ECLASS	ECLASS	LONG	0
EDATA	EDATA	FLOAT	0.00000
TIME	TIME	DOUBLE	Array[7500]
TUNITS	TUNITS	STRING	's'
TLABEL	TLABEL	STRING	'Time (sec)'
ERC	ERC	INT	0
ERRMSG	ERRMSG	STRING	"

**The associated array of error data
The coordinate data – time**

**An Error return code
An error message**

in this example, ip is the ITPA generic name for plasma current. The IDAM data server looks this up with the shot number 13500 in the IDAM relational database to identify the true signal name, data archive, file format, path and name. The IDAM data server then uses this to access a specific data reader for this format. Opens the file (handles are persistent), reads and returns the data to the client.

Other examples:

```
rs = getdata('ip', '13500/1')
```

- repass 1 of shot 13500

```
rs = getdata('ppf::ip', 'jet::56000')
```

- jet ppf data. Method of access and signal identity is determined by the SQL database.

```
rs = getdata('ppf::ip', 'jet::56000')
```

- jet ppf data. Method of access and signal

```
rs = getdata('\top.inputs:cur','MDSPLUS::fuslwn/trmast/159052601')
```

access to a specific MDS+ data tree data node

```
rs = getdata('\top.inputs:cur','MDSPLUS::trmast/159052601')
```

access to the default MDS+ server

```
rs = getdata('idamgetapi("ip",13500)','MDS+::fuslwn.culham.ukaea.org.uk')
```

execute a MDS+ TDI function on a specific MDS+ server

```
rs = getdata('PCURC','NETCDF::/scratch/idamtest/16392Z04.CDF')
```

read a private netCDF file

```
rs = getdata('/equilibrium/output/fluxFunctionProfiles/elongation','HDF5::./efitOutReference.hdf5')
```

read a private HDF5 file

```
rs = getData('/limiter', 'netcdf::./metaLimiters.nc')
```

access a data structure with limiter coordinates

```
rs = getData('/magCoil', 'netcdf::/home/....../metaMirnov.nc')
```

access a data structure with Mirnov coil positions, signal names, etc

```
rs = getData('/equilibriumStatus', 'netcdf::/home/....../netcdf/efitOut.nc')
```

access a data structure with an enumerated type

```
rs = getData('/output', 'netcdf::/home/....../netcdf/efitOut.nc')
```

access a netcdf sub-tree as a data structure

..... many more